

Problem 1 (answer on page 1 of the booklet)

Which of the following sequences converge, and which diverge? Find the limit of each convergent sequence. (7 pts each)

a) $a_n = (-1)^n \frac{n!}{7^n} e^{\cos(\frac{\pi}{n})}$ b) $b_n = \left(\frac{n-3}{n-4}\right)^n \left(1 - \frac{9}{n^2}\right)^n$ c) $c_n = (e^n - 1)^{1/n}$

Problem 2 (answer on pages 2 & 3 of the booklet)

Which of the following series converge, and which diverge? When possible find the sum of the series. (7 pts each)

a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n}{8^{n-1}} + \ln\left(1 - \frac{1}{n^2}\right)$ b) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(\ln n)^{\ln n}}$ c) $\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \sin n}{\pi^{n+1}}$ d) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt[n]{n}-1}{n^{0.2}}$ e) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n^2 \left(\frac{1}{n^2} - \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2}\right)\right)$

Problem 3 (answer on page 4 of the booklet)

Find the interval of convergence of the power series

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(\ln n)^{2 \cdot 4^n}} (x + 7)^n$$

For what values of x does the series converge absolutely? Conditionally? (20 pts)

Problem 4 (answer on page 5 of the booklet)

a) (5 pts) Prove that

$$\arctan x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} \quad |x| < 1 \quad (1)$$

b) (7 pts) Use Taylor's theorem to prove that (1) is also true for $x = 1$, i.e.

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1}$$

Problem 5 (answer on page 6 and the last page of the booklet)

a) (4 pts) Write a power series expansion for the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ about the point $x = 0$. Also find the Taylor polynomials $p_2(x)$ and $p_4(x)$ generated by $f(x)$ about the point $x = 0$.

b) (4 pts) Find the first 4 non-zero terms of the power series expansion of the function $g(x) = \arcsin x$ about the point $x = 0$.

c) (4 pts) Estimate $\arcsin(-0.1)$ by $p_2(?)$. Then use the alternating series estimation theorem to estimate the resulting error. Does $p_2(?)$ tend to be too small or too large?

Good Luck & Best Wishes

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